

"CAROL DAVILA" UNIVERSITY OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY BUCHAREST Faculty of Dentistry



Dental Medicine in English

DISCIPLINE GRID

1. Programme:

1.1.	CAROL DAVILA UNIVERSITY OF MEDICINE AND PHARMACY BUCHAREST
1.2.	FACULTY OF MEDICINE / 1st DEPARTMENT
1.3.	DIVISION: PHARMACOLOGY, CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPY
1.4.	STUDY DOMAIN: Health, sectoral regulated within European Union
1.5.	STUDY LEVEL: LICENCE
1.6.	STUDY PROGRAMME: DENTAL MEDICINE IN ENGLISH

2. Discipline:

2.1.	DISC	DISCIPLINE NAME: PHARMACOLOGY						
2.2.	LOCA	LOCATION: Carol Davila University of Medicine and Pharmacy, 8 Eroii Sanitari Street						
2.3.	Lectures tenure:							
	Prof.Univ.Dr. Oana Andreia Coman							
2.4.	Practical classes tenure:							
	Teaching assistant dr. pharm. Ruxandra-Cristina Marin							
2.5.	5. 3 2.6. V 2.7. Evam 2.8. Type of CD/FD							CD/FD
Study	year	3	Semester	V	Evaluation	Exam	discipline	CD/FD

3. Estimated total time (hours/semester)

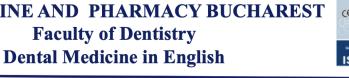
No. hours/week	4	out of which	Lectures: 2	Laboratory session: 2
Total hours out of learning schedule	56	out of which	Lectures: 28	Laboratory sessions: 28

Time distribution	hours
Textbook study, lecture support, bibliography and notes	20
Supplementary documentation activity in the library, on online platforms	10
Practical activity support material, homework, portfolio and essays	6
Tutorial activity	2
Examinations	4
Other activities	2
Total hours of individual study	44
Total hours per semester	100
Credits	4

4. Preconditions

4.1. curriculum	Knowledge of physiology, physiopathology and medical semiology.
4.2. proficiencies	Prior training in labor protection







5. Conditions

5.1. for lecture	Amphitheatre of minimum 90 places
activity	
5.2. for	Practical works rooms.
laboratory	
activity	

6. Accumulated skills

6.1. Proficiencies	I. Knowledge (cognitive dimension)						
(knowledge	- Knowing the action of drugs on the body as a whole and applying this knowledge in						
and abilities)	medical practice.						
,	- Knowledge of the mechanisms of action at the molecular and cellular level of the main						
	drug groups.						
	- Knowledge of the fundamental notions regarding pharmacokinetic parameters and the						
	possibility of using them to establish the dosage and administration intervals.						
	 Knowing the basic notions of drug addiction. 						
	- Knowing the impact of different classes of medicinal substances on the dental act.						
	- Knowledge of the main types of adverse reactions in the oral cavity.						
	- Knowing the necessary bases for the most appropriate use of drugs in the treatment and						
	prevention of diseases in the orodental sphere.						
	II. Abilities (functional dimension)						
	- Evaluation of the benefits and risks of using drugs, alone or in different therapeuti						
	regimens. The chility to individualize a treatment according to the particularities of the nations.						
	- The ability to individualize a treatment according to the particularities of the patient.						
	- The ability to individualize a treatment according to the possible interactions between						
	 medication frequently used in dentistry and a possible chronic medication of the patient. Knowledge of the medicines needed in the treatment of emergencies that may occur to 						
	the dental patient, as well as the ability to administer them, when needed.						
6.2. Transversal	the dental patient, as well as the ability to administer them, when needed. III. Role skills						
skills	- Identification of the objectives to be achieved, the available resources, the conditions						
(role,	for their completion, work stages, working times, related completion deadlines and						
professional	related risks						
and personal	- Identification of roles and responsibilities in a multidisciplinary team and the						
development)	application of communication techniques and effective work within the team and in						
	relation to the patient						
	IV. Professional and personal development skills						
	- Effective use of information sources and communication resources and assisted						
	professional training (Internet portals, specialized software applications, databases,						
	online courses, etc.).						

7. Objectives (based on the grid of acquired specific skills)

7.1. General Objective	The development, in the context of the discipline of pharmacology, of the knowledge, skills and behaviors necessary to develop a medical career in optimal conditions.
7.2. Specific	Course objectives:
Objectives	- Understanding and knowing the action of drugs on the body as a whole and applying
	this knowledge in medical practice.



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- Acquiring the necessary information for the most appropriate use of drugs in the treatment and prevention of diseases in the orodental sphere.
- Evaluation of the benefits and risks of using drugs alone or in different therapeutic regimens.
- Acquiring the necessary knowledge to individualize a treatment according to the particularities of the patient.
- Knowledge of the mechanisms of action at the molecular and cellular level of the main drug groups.
- Knowledge of the fundamental notions regarding pharmacokinetic parameters and the possibility of using them to establish the dosage, the administration intervals and the individualization of the treatment for different categories of patients.
- Knowing the basic notions of drug addiction.
- Knowledge of the impact of different classes of medicinal substances on the dental act.
- Knowledge of possible interferences between medication frequently used in dentistry and a possible chronic medication of the patient.
- Knowledge of the main types of adverse reactions in the oral cavity.
- Knowledge of the medicines needed in the treatment of emergencies that may occur to the dental patient, as well as the methods of their administration.

Objectives of practical works:

- Knowledge of pharmaceutical forms, drug administration routes and drug prescription rules.
- Acquiring the skill to correctly prescribe a series of drugs used in general pathology or in conditions related to the dental act itself.
- Discussing some particular aspects related to the use of medicines in patients with various dental problems.
- Rational use of electronic scientific databases in the field of medicine.

8. Content

8.1. Lectures	No. hrs/topic	Teaching method	Obs.
Chapter 1 – The object and goals of pharmacology. The position of pharmacology in dental training. Introductory course: The object and goals of pharmacology	1	The courses are taught in	
Chapter 2 – General pharmacology. General pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution and elimination of drugs; pharmacokinetic drug interactions. (1 hour) General pharmacodynamics: the action of drugs at the molecular level and on different effector systems; types of pharmacological receptors; pharmacodynamic drug interactions. (1 hour) Pharmacotoxicology: types of adverse reactions, adverse drug reactions in the oral cavity. (1 hour)	3	amphitheaters: rooms technically equipped for this purpose - screen, writing boards, laptop, video projector and discussions. All courses are video projected and have written support. They are brought up to date in terms of information, according to treaties, scientific papers, as well as new data appearing online in the field of pharmacology and pharmacotherapy.	-
Chapter 3 – Medication of the nervous system Medication of the autonomic nervous system: general notions about neurotransmitters and	8		





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synaptic transmission; substances with action in the cholinergic and adrenergic field; particularities of their use in dentistry. (4 hours) <i>Central nervous system medication</i> : general and local anesthetics, hypnotics, sedatives, tranquilizers, antiseizure drugs, antiparkinsonian drugs, skeletal muscle relaxants, antipsychotics. (4 hours)		
Chapter 4 – Analgesics Analgesics: opioids, nonsteroidal anti- inflammatory drugs	2	
Chapter 5 – Hormonal and metabolic drugs Glucocorticoid medication. Regulators of bone mineral homeostasis (1,5 hours) Active tissue substances and antagonists: histamine and antihistamine antagonists (0,5 hours)	2	
Chapter 6 – Medication of different effector systems Circulatory system medication: drugs used in heart failure, antiarrhythmic, antianginal, antihypertensive, antihypotensive drugs. Diuretics. (4 hours) Drugs acting on the respiratory system: antitussives, expectorants, drugs used in asthma. (1 hour) Drugs acting on the gastrointestinal tract: drugs used to treat peptic ulcer disease, antiemetics, laxatives, antidiarrheal agents, drugs for irritable bowel syndrome. (1 hour) Blood medication: antianemic, procoagulant, antithrombotic drugs (anticoagulants, antiplatelet agents, thrombolytics). (2 hours)	8	
Chapter 7 – Chemotherapeutic drugs Principles of antibiotic therapy (one hour) Chemotherapeutic antibacterial drugs: betalactams, macrolides, lincosamides, (2 hours) aminoglycosides, tetracycline and chloramphenicol, antibacterial sulfamides and trimethoprim, quinolones, metronidazole. Antiviral and antifungal chemotherapeutic drugs. (0,5 hours) Antiseptics and disinfectants (0,5 hours)	4	
TOTAL	28	





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No. T					
8.2 Laboratory Sessions	hrs/topic	Teaching method	Obs.		
1. Pharmacology - generalities. The name of the drugs. Solid and semi-solid pharmaceutical forms.	2				
2. Liquid and gaseous pharmaceutical forms.	2				
3. Pharmacography – general rules for prescription; parts of the recipe. Prescription of pharmaceutical forms – part 1	2				
4. Prescription of pharmaceutical forms – part 2	2				
5. Prescription - central nervous system medication (sedative-hypnotic drugs, antiseizure drugs, antipsychotic drugs)	3	Practical work take place in work rooms technically equipped for this purpose - screen, blackboard, laptop, video projector.			
6. Prescription - central nervous system medication (local anesthetics, opioid analgesics, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs).	3	The practical works have written support and are brought up to date from the point of view of			
7. Prescription - glucocorticoids, H1-antagonists.	2	information, according to the treaties, scientific papers, as well as new data			
8. Prescription – Cardiovascular system medication – drugs used in heart failure, antiarrhythmic and antianginal drugs.	2	appearing online in the field of pharmacology and pharmacotherapy. They are interactive. Students are trained in self-documentation of drug			
9. Prescription Cardiovascular system medication - antihypertensive. Diuretics	2	use issues in current dental practice.	-		
10. Prescription – Blood medication	2				
11. Prescription – Drugs acting on the respiratory system.	1				
12. Prescription – Drugs acting on the gastrointestinal tract.	1				
13. Prescription – Chemotherapeutic antibacterial drugs	2				
14.Prescription – Antiviral and antifungal chemotherapeutic drugs. Antiseptics and disinfectants	2				
TOTAL	28				

8.3. Bibliography for lectures and laboratory/practical sessions

1.Editors: James M. Ritter, Rod J. Flower, Graeme Henderson, Yoon Kong Loke, David MacEwan, Emma Robinson, James Fullerton, Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, 10th Edition, 2023 2. Editors: Frank J. Dowd, Bart Johnson, Angelo Mariotti. Pharmacology and Therapeutics for Dentistry, Mosby Elsevier, 7th edition, 2017.



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9. Corroborating the contents of the discipline with the expectations of epistemic community representatives, professional associations and employers in the fields representative for the program

The student acquires the necessary skills to know the drugs, as desired by the authorities in the field, as well as the necessary skills to use the medicines in therapy according to the expectations of operators in the field of Public Health and the health needs of the population

10. Evaluation

IV. Evalua	ttion		
10.1 Evalua	tion		
Activity type	Evaluation Criteria	Methods of evaluation	% out of
			final grade
	A. Knowledge for mark 5:	Written exam - grid	
	The use of medicines in dental medical practice in non-	test	
	dangerous conditions.		
Lecture	B. Additional knowledge for mark 10		70%
	Detailed knowledge of the theoretical and practical		
	information taught during the semester, the ability to make		
	connections regarding different drug information,		
	recognizing and treating adverse drug reactions and medical		
	emergencies appearing into dental medical practice.		
Laboratory	A. Knowledge for mark 5:	Practical exam	
Sessions	Practical skills in the use of medicines in dental		
	medical practice		
			30%
	B. Additional knowledge for mark 10		3070
	Practical skills in prescribing medicines, treating		
	adverse drug reactions and managing drug interactions		
	and emergencies appearing into dental medical		
3.4.	practice.		

Minimum performance standards

- The use of medicines in medical practice in non-dangerous conditions.
- The passing grade is Grade 5.
- The final grade is established based on the evaluation criteria taken into account the relationship: 70% for the written test and 30% for the oral test.
- The practical exam is an eliminatory test

Date: 8.10.2024

Chair of PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPY Division,

Prof..Dr. Oana Andreia Coman

Date of the approval in Department Board:

Department Director, Prof. Dr. Ion Fulga

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